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Quick Reference Handbook Non-Normal-Checklist

Cessna C172

Memory Items

Checklist steps up to the dashed line should be memorized for accomplishment without reference to the procedure.

Checklistenschritte bis zur gestrichelten Linie sollten auswendig gelernt werden, um sie ohne Bezugnahme auf das Verfahren ausführen können.

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Emergency Descent

Condition

One or more of these occurs:

- The oxygen supply is interrupted
- A rapid descent is needed
- Without delay, descend to the lowest safe altitude or 10.000 feet, whichever is higher.

2. Mixture FULL RICH

3. Carburetor Heat FULL

4. Throttle CLOSE

Reduce power to set up a 500 to 800 ft/min rate of descent Adjust the elevator trim and rudder trim (if installed) for a stabilized descent at 70-80 KIAS

- 5. When approaching level off altitude
 - · Smoothly reduce rate of descent and level off
 - Add power and stabilize on altitude and airspeed.
 - 6. The new course of action is based on weather, oxygen, fuel remaining and available airports.

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AHRS* Failure PFD

Condition

One or more of these occurs:

- · Attitude and / or Heading Data on the PFD is lost
- Completed PFD failure
- 1. Maintain control by reference to standby Instruments
- AHRS Circuit Braker
 CHECKED
 - 3. AHRS Circuit Braker

RESET

- 4. During alignment keep wings straight and level in un-accelerated flight
- 5. Choose one:
 - AHRS Alignment successful
 - **Continue normal operation**
 - AHRS Alignment not successfully
 Go to step 6
- 6. Continue flight in reference to standby instruments
- 7. Maintain VMC

If unable to maintain VMC or above clouds

Go to step 8

8. Divert to the nearest suitable airport providing SRA or PAR approach

^{*} Attitude and Heading Reference System

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Engine Failure immediately after Takeoff

Condition

Engine severe damage or engine failure

1.	Airspeed	(flaps UP) 65 KIAS
		(flaps DOWN) 60 KIAS
2.	Mixture	IDLE CUT-OFF
3.	Fuel Shutoff Valve	OFF
	pull sharply to break safety wire	
4.	Ignition Switch	OFF
5.	Wing Flaps	AS REQUIRED
6.	MASTER SWITCH	OFF

Engine Failure in Flight

Condition

Engine severe damage or engine failure

1.	Safe Airspeed	65 KIAS
2.	Suitable Field	SELECT
3.	Carburetor Heat	ON
4.	Fuel Shutoff Valve	ON
5.	Fuel Selector Valve	BOTH
6.	Fuel Pump Switch	ON
7.	Mixture lever	RICH
8.	Ignition Switch	BOTH
	or START if propeller has stopped	
9.	Choose one	
	Engine restart is successful	
	Go to step 10	
	Engine restart is not successful	
	Go to the Engine Inoperative Landing Checklist	
10	. Power	SET

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Engine Roughness

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Cond	
00110	

1.	Mixture lever	ADJUST
2.	Carpurator Heat	ON
3.	Fuel Shutoff Valve	ON
4.	Engine Gauges	CHECKED
5.	Magnetos	L/R/BOTH

- 6. Choose one:
 - Engine is running smoothly again

Go to step 7

• Engine roughness persists

Go to step 8

- 7. If engine operation is satisfactory on either magneto, proceed on that magneto at reduced power, with full rich mixture to next available airport.
- 8. If engine roughness persists, prepare for a power off landing
- 9. Land nearest suitable airport

Deferred Items

Approach Checklist

Altimeter _____ Completed

Landing Checklist

Mixture RICH Flaps 30° SET

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Engine Inoperative Landing

Condition

A landing will be made without engine power

Throttle lever	CLOSE
2. Mixture lever	CUTOFF
3. Fuel Shutoff Valve	CLOSED
4. Ignition	OFF

Deferred Items

Approach Checklist

Altimeter _____

Approach Briefing Completed
Passenger Briefing Completed

Landing Checklist

Flaps 30° SET

Short prior touchdown and landing assured

Advice the tower

Battery Master OFF

If evacuation will be needed after landing, go to the last page of this non-normal checkllist for evacuation procedure.

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Fire During Start on Ground

1. Cranking **CONTINUE** to get start which would suck the flames and accumulated fuel through the carburetor and into the engine 2. Choose one: If engine starts Go to step 3 · If engine fails to start Go to step 5 3. Power – 1.700 for a few minutes 4. Engine SHUTDOWN and inspect for damage 5. Throttle **FULL OPEN** 6. Mixture **IDLE CUT-OFF** 7. Cranking **CONTINUE** 8. Fire Extinguisher **OBTAIN** 9. Engine **SECURE** a. Master Switch - OFF b. Ignition Switch - OFF c. Fuel Shutoff Valve - OFF 10. Fire using EXTINGUISH 11. Fire Damage **INSPECT Engine Fire in Flight** 1. Mixture **IDLE CUT-OFF** 2. Fuel Shutoff Valve **OFF** 3. Master Switch **OFF** 4. Cabin Heat and Air **OFF** 5. Airspeed **100 KIAS**

EXECUTE

if fire is not extinguished, increase glide

6. Forced Landing

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Electrical Fire in Flight

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Master Switch Avionics Power Switch All other Switches (expect ignition switch) Vents / Cabin Air / Heat Fire Extinguisher After discharging an extinguisher within closed cabin, ventilate the cal	OFF OFF OFF CLOSED ACTIVATE	
6. 7. 8. 9.	Choose: If fire appears out and electrical power is necessary for continuance Go to step 7 Engine restart is not successful Go to the Engine Inoperative Landing Checklist Master Switch Circuit Breakers Radio Switches Avionics Power Switches	of flight ON CHECK OFF ON	
). Radio / Electrical Switches . Vents / Cabin Air / Heat	ON OPEN	
	Cabin Fire		
1.	Master Switch	OFF	
2.	Vents / Cabin Air / Heat	CLOSED	
3.	Fire Extinguisher	ACTIVATE	
	After discharging an extinguisher within closed cabin, ventilate the cal	bin	
4.	Land the airplane as soon as possible to inspect for damage		
Wing Fire			
1.	Landing / Taxi Light Switches	OFF	
2.	Pitot Heat Switch	OFF	
3.	Navigation / Strobe Light Switch	OFF	
	Perform a sideslip to keep the flames away from the fuel tank and cal	oin, and land as	

soon as possible using flaps only as required for final approach and touchdown

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Generator Malfunction

Condition

A generator malfunction occur.

1. Ammeter CHECKED

2. Electrical load REDUCE

3. Alternator Switch OFF

4. Alternator Circuit Brakers RESET

5. Alternator Switch ON

6. Choose one:

• Alternator light stays illuminated

Go to step 7

• Alternator light extinguishes and comes back online

Continue normal operation

7. Electrical load REDUCE

8. Plan to land at the nearest suitable airport. Remaining battery power last approx. 30 minutes only, with a well charged battery. The battery is the only remaining source of electrical power

Pitot Heat

Condition

The probe heat system has failed.

1. Check Circuit Braker CHECKED

2. Pitot Heat switch OFF

3. Pitot Heat switch RESET ON

4. Choose one:

• Pitot Heat annunciator extinguished

Continue normal operation

• Pitot Heat annunciator not extinguished

Avoid icing conditions

Ditching

Condition

A landing will be made in water

Note:

- High Winds / Heavy Seas plan a approach into the wind
- Light Winds / Heavy Swells plan approach parallel to the swells

1.	ATC	MAYDAY / 7700
2.	ELT	ACTIVATE
3.	Flaps	20°-30° SET
4.	Speed	55 KIAS
5.	Descent Rate	300 ft/min
6.	Cabin Doors	UNLATCH
7.	Touchdown	LEVEL ATTITUDE at 300 FT/MIN DESCENT
8.	Seats	UPRIGHT
9.	Seatbelts	FASTENED
10.	. Jettison or secure heavy objects in	the cabin SECURE

Ditching Procedure Review

Touch Down with a level attitude at a descent rate of 300 ft/min.

Prior Touch Down cushion your face with a folded coat or other soft items.

After Touch Down and a complete stop of the aircraft, evacuate the aircraft via all available exist. Do not inflate the life vests in the cabin.

Evacuation

Condition

Evacuation is needed.

8. Battery Master

1.	Parking Brake	SET
2.	Flaps	UP
3.	Mixture lever	CUTOFF
4.	Fuel Shutoff Valve	CLOSE
5.	Ignition	OFF
6.	Advise the passengers to evacuate	
7.	Advise the tower	

OFF